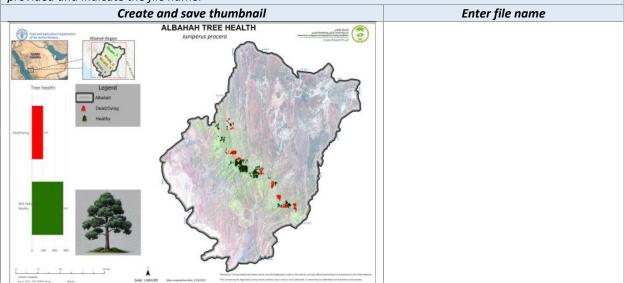
FAO KSA Geospatial Metadata-Albaha Region Tree Health Condition

Part 1: Basic Metadata (Mandatory)

1.01 Thumbnail

Prepare small thumbnail that represents this dataset. Create and save thumbnail. Insert thumbnail in the space provided and indicate the file name.



1.02 - Title

Descriptive title for this data. Should provide sufficient information to external users.

Enter Data Title

Albaha Region Tree Health Condition

1.03 – Abstract

Provide a short and concise abstract which summarizes what this data is about. Similar to the abstracted provided in a scientific paper.

Enter data abstract

This dataset documents tree health conditions across Albaha Region, Saudi Arabia, collected during the 2023-2024 National Forest Inventory (NFI). It includes point features with attributes for survey unit (SU_No), plot ID (Plot_ID), and tree health status (Healthy, Slightly/Severely Affected, Dead/Dying, or Not Indicated). Data was collected using high-precision GPS and follows FAO assessment protocols, ensuring standardized classification of vegetation stress. The layer supports conservation planning, ecological monitoring, and Saudi Green Initiative reporting. Stored in WGS 1984 UTM Zone 38N (EPSG:32638), it is maintained by the National Center for Vegetation Cover with biennial updates. Suggested symbology is included for intuitive visualization of health categories.

1.04 – Date type			
Provide all three type of da	rovide all three type of dates - Creation date, Publication date, and Revision date.		
Identification of when a given event occurred			
Creation	2025		
Publication	2025		
Revision	2025		
relevant date	2025		

1.05 - Group

The group, department or unit to which this data belongs.

Enter group name

Registered Members,

FAO Spatial Data Group,

Natural Resources Management Component NRM - FAO KSA

1.06 - Category	1.07 – Free-text Keywords	
Provide one primary category to which this data belong. Select from the list provided. Possible categories related to the SRADP project are highlighted in green color.	Keywords helps Search Engines such as Google find data requested by users. Use FAO AGRIS to select the most appropriate keywords for this data. To make the data discoverable, provide a minimum of 5 keywords.	
Field declared Mandatory by the Metadata Schema	A space or comma-separated list of keywords. Use the Widget to select from Hierarchical tree.	
Select one of the following : (highlighted by Yellow)	REQUIRED: Common-use word or phrase used to describe the subject of the data set. (Provide 5 keyword minimum)	
Imagery Base Maps Earth Cover	Vegetation	
Society	Surface roughness	
Economy	Saudi Arabia	
Utilities Communication	Al-Baha	
Environment	Remote sensing	
Oceans	SAR backscatter	
Biota	Land cover	
Health	Topography	
Elevation	Environment	
Geoscientific Information	Geospatial analysis	
Planning Cadastre	FAO	
Inland Waters	NCVC	
Boundaries	Forested landscapes	
Structure	Rocky terrain	
Transportation	Change detection	
Intelligence Military		
Location		
Climatology Meteorology Atmosphere		
Farming		
Population	-	

Part 2: Location and Licenses (Mandatory)

2.01 Language

Provide data language

Language used within the dataset

Enter data language

English

2.02 License

Provide the type of license under which this data is published and intended to be used.

License of the Dataset

Select one of the following License: (highlighted by Yellow)

NextView

Not Specified

Open Data Commons Open Database License / OSM

Public Domain

Public Domain / USG

Varied / Derived

Varied / Original

2.03 Attribution

Identify the entity or agency with authority and responsibility over this data.

Authority or function assigned, as to a ruler, legislative assembly, delegate, or the like.

*Field declared Mandatory by the Metadata Schema

Enter attribution for this data

Produced by the Geospatial Department of the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) of the United Nations in Saudi Arabia, in collaboration with the National Center for Vegetation Cover (NCVC). Field biomass and tree density data were provided by NCVC. No reproduction, redistribution, or modification is allowed without prior written permission from FAO and NCVC.

2.04 Regions			
Identify the region that the data covers. You can provide several regions.			
Enter global or specific regions			
Al Baha, Saudi Arabia			

2.05 Data quality statement

Statement on the data quality. This allows any known issue about the data quality to be documented and shared with data user so that they can use the data appropriately.

Provide data quality statement

This dataset documents tree health conditions across Albaha Region, Saudi Arabia, collected during the 2023-2024 National Forest Inventory (NFI). It includes point features with attributes for survey unit (SU_No), plot ID (Plot_ID), and tree health status (Healthy, Slightly/Severely Affected, Dead/Dying, or Not Indicated). Data was collected using high-precision GPS and follows FAO assessment protocols, ensuring standardized classification of vegetation stress. The layer supports conservation planning, ecological monitoring, and Saudi Green Initiative reporting. Stored in WGS 1984 UTM Zone 38N (EPSG:32638), it is maintained by the National Center for Vegetation Cover with biennial updates. Suggested symbology is included for intuitive visualization of health categories.

2.06 Restrictions

Indicate any know restriction on this data. You could consideration the following when assessing data restriction:

- (1) Exclusive right to the publication, production, or sale of the rights to a literary, musical, or artistic work, or to the use of a commercial print or label, granted by law for a specified period of time to an author, composer, artist, distribution
- (2) Rights to financial benefit from and control of distribution of non-tangible property that is a result of creativity
- (3) Formal permission to do something
- (4) Government has granted exclusive right to make, sell, use or license an invention or discovery
- (5) Produced or sold information awaiting a patent
- (6) Withheld from general circulation or disclosure
- (7) Name, symbol, or other device identifying a product, officially registered and legally restricted to the use of the owner or manufacturer
- (8) Other restrictions

Limitations Placed upon the access or use of the data

* Field declared Mandatory by the Metadata Schema

Enter any know data use restriction information

Open Data Commons Open Database License (ODbL)

2.07 Other constraints

Identify any other constrains on this data that would be important to document and share with the data users

Enter other constrains on this data

This dataset documents tree health conditions across Albaha Region, Saudi Arabia, collected during the 2023-2024 National Forest Inventory (NFI). It includes point features with attributes for survey unit (SU_No), plot ID (Plot_ID), and tree health status (Healthy, Slightly/Severely Affected, Dead/Dying, or Not Indicated). Data was collected using high-precision GPS and follows FAO assessment protocols, ensuring standardized classification of vegetation stress. The layer supports conservation planning, ecological monitoring, and Saudi Green Initiative reporting. Stored in WGS 1984 UTM Zone 38N (EPSG:32638), it is maintained by the National Center for Vegetation Cover with biennial updates. Suggested symbology is included for intuitive visualization of health categories.

Part 3: Other Data Description (Optional)

3.01 Edition

If the data is linked or resulting from work that has editions, indicate the edition for this dataset.

Version of the cited resource

Enter Edition

Version 1.0 (Field Validation Series, 2022)

3.02 DOI

The DOI (Digital Object Identifier) will be assigned by the Metadata Administrator.

DOI will be added by Admin before publication

Create and enter the data DOI

To be assigned before official publication

3.03 Purpose

The purpose for which this dataset and related studies were undertaken.

Provide data purpose

This dataset documents tree health conditions across Albaha Region, Saudi Arabia, collected during the 2023-2024 National Forest Inventory (NFI). It includes point features with attributes for survey unit (SU_No), plot ID (Plot_ID), and tree health status (Healthy, Slightly/Severely Affected, Dead/Dying, or Not Indicated). Data was collected using high-precision GPS and follows FAO assessment protocols, ensuring standardized classification of vegetation stress. The layer supports conservation planning, ecological monitoring, and Saudi Green Initiative reporting. Stored in WGS 1984 UTM Zone 38N (EPSG:32638), it is maintained by the National Center for Vegetation Cover with biennial updates. Suggested symbology is included for intuitive visualization of health categories.

3.04 Maintenance frequency

The frequency for data update.

Frequency with which modifications and deletions are made to the data after it is first produced

Select one of the following: (highlighted by Yellow)

Frequency of maintenance for the data is not known

Data is repeatedly and frequently updated

There are no plans to update the data

Data is updated each day

Data is updated every year

Data is updated as deemed necessary

Data is updated each month

Data is updated every two weeks

Data is updated in intervals that are uneven in duration

Data is updated on weekly basis

Data is updated twice each year

Data is updated every three months

3.05 Spatial representation type

How the spatial data is presented, Method used to represent geographic information in the dataset

Select one of the following: (highlighted by Yellow)

Grid data is used to represent geographic data

Three-dimensional view formed by the intersecting homologous rays of an overlapping pair of image

Textual or tabular data is used to represent the geographic data

Triangulated irregular network

Vector data is used to represent geographic data

Scene from a video recording

3.06 Supplemental information (Remarks)

Provide any additional supplemental information about this data that could help the user when using this data Enter supplemental information / Remarks

The dataset integrates SAR backscatter, optical imagery, and topographic layers in WGS84. The map highlights ecological strata visible in Al-Baha: forested escarpments, mid-slope agricultural zones, and interior plains.

Map composition date: 11/12/2025.

3.07 Temporal extent Start and End

Provide temporal extent start and end that may have bearing on this data.

Temporal extent start		Temporal extent end	
Date	Time	Date	Time
Enter temporal start date	2025-04- 07T11:11:53.269970	Enter temporal end date	2025-04- 09T05:59:16.444058

3.08 Responsible Parties / Point of Contact

Who can be contacted about this data? This is usually the metadata administrator.

Admin Name

Enter Metadata Admin

Dr. Njeru Jeremiah – Chief Technical Advisor of Natural Re Management NRM – FAO KSA

Dr. Ouerchefani, Dalel - TECHNICAL ADVISER, FAOSA

Mr. Gabriel Vincent Sanya - GISRS and Land Cover Mapping Expert -FAOSA

Mr. Haitham Abdullah - GIS Specialist - FAO KSA

3.09 Responsible and Permissions / Owner

Who is the responsible over this data? This is usually the person that led or supported the creation of the data

Data Responsible / Owner

Enter data owner

FAO

NCVC Geo-Spatial Unit

MoEWA

3.10 Metadata Author

Who is the author of the metadata? This is usually the person that led or supported the creation of the data.

Data Responsible / Owner

Enter Metadata Admin

GIS Department in Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) in Saudi Arabia

Part 4: Part 4 - Data Attributes (Optional)

4.01 Key data features and attributes

Detailed description of the data layer features and attributes will be provide in a separate custom template for data features and attributes description. Here, the key features and attributes (objects) for this data are provided.

Description of key features and attributes

Attribute / Feature	Feature Description		
Enter the attributes of this Layer Enter the description of the attributes			
Shape_Leng	Length of the feature boundary calculated by the GIS system		
Input_FID	Unique identifier inherited from the source dataset		
Health_Class	Tree health condition category		
Health_Score	Numeric index representing tree health status		
Tree_Count	Number of trees assessed within the spatial unit		
Shape_Area	Area of the feature calculated by the GIS system		
Area_sq Area of the feature expressed in square meters			
Area_sq_km	Area of the feature expressed in square kilometers		